# Simulation: Croup Resuscitation

<u>Title:</u> Its Bark is worse than its Bite.

## **Learning Objectives:**

- 1. Diagnose and manage severe Croup
- 2. Recognise and stabilize paediatric respiratory distress
- 3. Demonstrate knowledge on intubating the unwell child
- 4. To effectively manage a team and demonstrate effective crisis resource management skills

#### **Take Home Points:**

- The importance of less is more with assessing/handling unwell children
- The importance of knowing where to find resources for treating the unwell child
- Importance of "insert relevant CRM skill here"

#### Sim Brief

Introduction, Familiarisation, Ground Rules, Basic Assumption

## Case Stem (for participants) -

It's 0100hrs. Consultant has left the ED. A mum runs into ED with her sick child who appears to have increased work of breathing. She heard that ramping was through the roof at PCH and brought her child to SCGH ED.

## Background Info (For instructors eyes only)

12 month old.

PMHx: Full term SVD. Uncomplicated pregnancy and delivery. No significant maternal concerns.

Nil PMHx/PSHx/SHx. IUTD.

HPc: URTI Sx 2-4 days. Mild fever. Rhinorrhoea. Progressive cough (Barking). Progressed to Stridor in last 6-12 hours. Nil other sx. Normal wet nappies. No vomits. No concerning sx for meningitis.

## Settings for SIM Man/Woman/Baby

No moulage.

HR 170, RR 42, BP 90/55. Sats 92% RA. T 37.8. Weight 10kg.

## **Equipment required**

- Cardiac monitor/Defib pt. will not arrest
- ECG printouts Sinus tachycardia
- VBG/ABG printouts -
- Imaging printouts CXR croup
- O2 +/- masks/NP
- IVC equipment
- Relevant specific medications propofol, roc, nebulized adrenaline, dexamethasone

## Participants required

- ED Registrars 2-3
- ED Nurse preferably 2 minimum (airway/drugs)
- Confederate childs parent
- FACEM 2<sup>nd</sup> debriefer/observer

## Scenario Outline

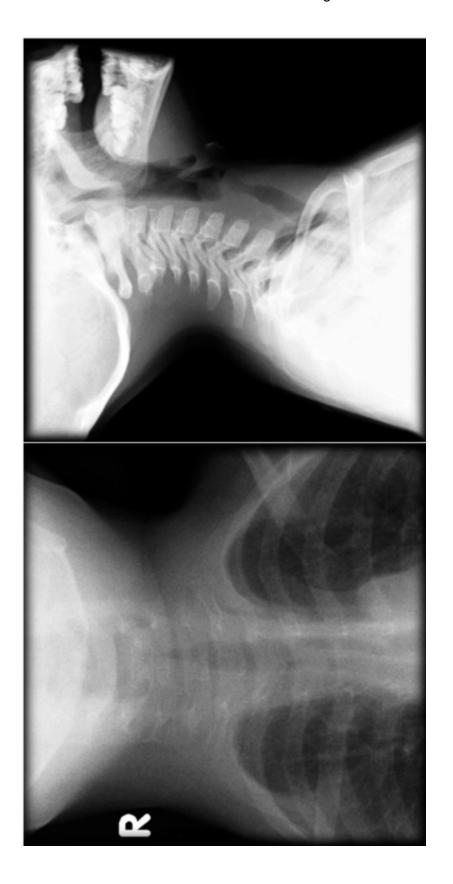
Scenario Outline (Outline of what should occur at each stage)	Participant Response (Expected or ideal response)	Outcome (what do participants do, what happens to SIM mannequin)
*pt. brought in by parent and nurse*	Doctors + Nurses attend patient and gain history Nurses begin taking obs	Primary exam – stridor, nasal flaring, rib recession. No cyanosis. Rest of exam normal

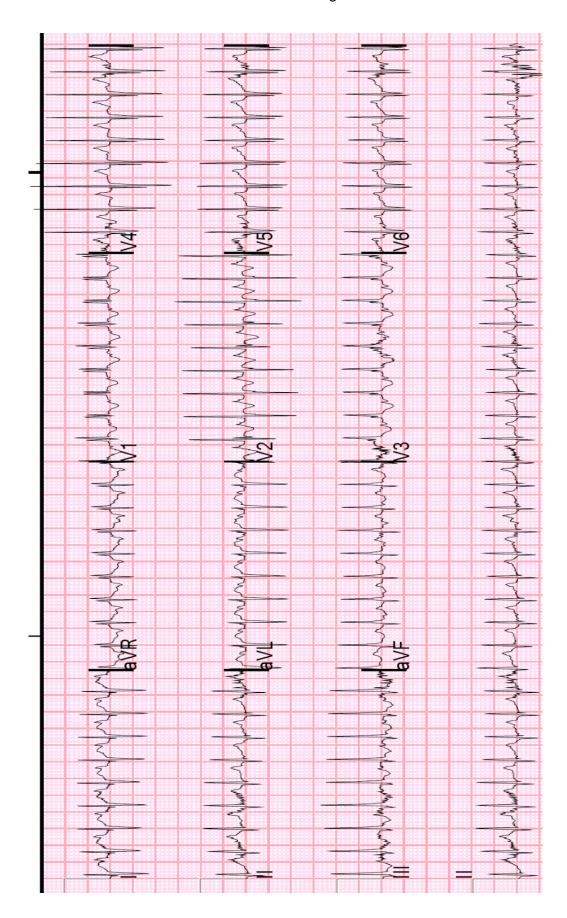
Assessment of patient	ABCDE approach  Reg. Notes vital signs - T 37.8 - HR 170 - BP 90/55 - Sats 92% RA - RR 42	Start oxygen 100% via NRM – give to parent to hold close to childs face Mask with nebulizer available
Initial management of patient	<ul> <li>Dexamethasone         0.6mg/kg IM/IV</li> <li>Nebulized         Adrenaline 5mL         1:1000 (5mg)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Allow for brief         stabilization with         treatment</li> <li>HR lowers, Sats         improve</li> </ul>
Ongoing management of patient	<ul> <li>Pt. begins to worsen clinically</li> <li>Increased stridor</li> <li>Increased RR -&gt; decreased RR</li> <li>Sats low</li> </ul>	- Progress to intubation
Progress to RSI	<ul> <li>RSI</li> <li>Preoxygenate – apnoeic o2</li> <li>Plan verbalised</li> <li>Optimise – vasopressors/inotrop es/atropine ready</li> <li>Induction agent (propofol 2.5-3.5mg/kg decrease with age, ketamine 0.5 – 2mg/kg)</li> </ul>	- Demonstrate safe RSI in an infant

<ul> <li>Rocuronium 1.2-         <ul> <li>1.6mg/kg</li> </ul> </li> <li>ETT 4-4.5 (age/4 +</li></ul>	

# **Debriefing Objectives:**

- Discuss management of severe croup including tips/tricks
- Discuss assessment of respiratory WOB in paediatric
- Discuss Paediatric RSI
- Discuss relevant Non-Technical Skills





## Non-Technical Skills

## • The ANTS System •

#### **TEAM WORKING**

- Coordinating activities with team
- Exchanging information
- Using authority & assertiveness
- Assessing capabilities
- · Supporting others

#### TASK MANAGEMENT

- Planning & preparing
- Prioritising
- Providing & maintaining standards
- Identifying & utilising resources

# SITUATION AWARENESS

- Gathering information
- Recognising & understanding
- Anticipating

#### **DECISION MAKING**

- Identifying options
- Balancing risks & selecting options
- Re-evaluating

**ANTS Framework** 

https://www.abdn.ac.uk/iprc/documents/ANTS%20Handbook%202012.pdf